Consolidated Financial Statements and Single Audit Reports for the year ended December 31, 2022

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Paso del Norte Community Foundation and Paso del Norte Health Foundation:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Paso del Norte Community Foundation and Supporting Organizations, which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of activities, of functional expenses, and of cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Paso del Norte Community Foundation and Supporting Organizations as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in their net assets and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of Paso del Norte Community Foundation and Supporting Organizations and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Paso del Norte Community Foundation and Supporting Organizations' ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Paso del Norte Community Foundation and Supporting Organizations' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Paso del Norte Community Foundation and Supporting Organizations' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying supplementary information included in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards for the year ended December 31, 2022 as required by Title 2 U. S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the financial statements generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Report Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 21, 2023 on our consideration of Paso del Norte Community Foundation and Supporting Organizations' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Paso del Norte Community Foundation and Supporting Organizations' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Paso del Norte Community Foundation and Supporting Organization and Supporting Organizations and support over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Paso del Norte Community Foundation and Supporting Organizations' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blazek & Vetterling

September 21, 2023

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position as of December 31, 2022 and 2021

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
ASSETS		
Cash Prepaid expenses and miscellaneous receivables Contributions receivable, net (<i>Note 3</i>) Investments (<i>Note 4</i>) Operating right-of-use assets (<i>Note 5</i>) Finance right-of-use assets (<i>Note 5</i>) Property, net (<i>Note 6</i>)	\$ 7,758,055 636,337 7,052,423 281,143,758 520,124 19,702 <u>172,797</u>	\$ 4,166,284 893,055 9,700,692 305,497,606 - - 136,615
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 297,303,196</u>	<u>\$ 320,394,252</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Operating lease liability (<i>Note 5</i>) Finance lease liability (<i>Note 5</i>) Grants payable (<i>Note 8</i>) Total liabilities	\$ 826,075 525,188 20,529 <u>10,853,684</u> 12,225,476	\$ 365,350
Commitments and contingencies (Notes 4, 8, and 10)		
Net assets: Without donor restrictions With donor restrictions <i>(Note 7)</i> Total net assets TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	274,810,942 10,266,778 285,077,720 \$ 297,303,196	297,642,244 10,837,336 308,479,580 \$ 320,394,252

Consolidated Statement of Activities for the year ended December 31, 2022

	WITHOUT DONOR <u>RESTRICTIONS</u>	WITH DONOR <u>RESTRICTIONS</u>	TOTAL
REVENUE:			
Contributions: Contributions Government grants (Note 10) Other income	\$ 22,283,249 	\$ 3,444,731 12,979,920 	\$ 25,727,980 12,979,920 <u>110,279</u>
Total revenue	22,393,528	16,424,651	38,818,179
Net assets released from restrictions: Program expenditures Total	<u> 16,939,823</u> <u> 39,333,351</u>	<u>(16,939,823</u>) <u>(515,172</u>)	
EXPENSES:			
Program expenses: Grants awarded Program management Total program expenses	29,446,817 2,667,256 32,114,073		29,446,817 2,667,256 32,114,073
Management and general	1,638,655		1,638,655
Total expenses	33,752,728		33,752,728
OTHER CHANGES:			
Net investment return (Note 4)	(28,411,925)	(55,386)	(28,467,311)
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	(22,831,302)	(570,558)	(23,401,860)
Net assets, beginning of year	297,642,244	10,837,336	308,479,580
Net assets, end of year	<u>\$ 274,810,942</u>	<u>\$ 10,266,778</u>	<u>\$ 285,077,720</u>

Consolidated Statement of Activities for the year ended December 31, 2021

	WITHOUT DONOR <u>RESTRICTIONS</u>	WITH DONOR <u>RESTRICTIONS</u>	TOTAL
REVENUE:			
Contributions: Contributions Government grants (Note 10) Grant reversions and rescissions Other income	\$ 8,209,825 - 178,240 	\$ 2,114,456 19,238,125 	\$ 10,324,281 19,238,125 178,240 <u>19,431</u>
Total revenue	8,407,496	21,352,581	29,760,077
Net assets released from restrictions: Program expenditures Total	<u>22,256,449</u> <u>30,663,945</u>	<u>(22,256,449</u>) <u>(903,868</u>)	
EXPENSES:			
Program expenses: Grants awarded Program management Total program expenses	31,535,022 2,785,780 34,320,802		31,535,022 2,785,780 34,320,802
Management and general	1,443,220	_	1,443,220
Total expenses	35,764,022		35,764,022
OTHER CHANGES:			
Net investment return (Note 4)	44,449,447		44,449,447
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	39,349,370	(903,868)	38,445,502
Net assets, beginning of year	258,292,874	11,741,204	270,034,078
Net assets, end of year	<u>\$ 297,642,244</u>	<u>\$ 10,837,336</u>	<u>\$ 308,479,580</u>

Consolidated Statements	of Functional Expenses	for the years ended Dec	cember 31, 2022 and 2021
	·		

<u>EXPENSES</u>		PROGRAM <u>EXPENSES</u>		MANAGEMENT AND GENERAL		2022 <u>total</u>
Grants	\$	29,446,817	\$	_	\$	29,446,817
Salaries and related benefits		1,218,739		1,110,565		2,329,304
Professional fees		1,141,111		175,475		1,316,586
Occupancy		92,247		82,216		174,463
Telephone and technology		84,716		76,349		161,065
Depreciation		21,769		20,597		42,366
Other		108,674		173,453		282,127
Total expenses	<u>\$</u>	32,114,073	<u>\$</u>	1,638,655	<u>\$</u>	33,752,728
		PROGRAM		MANAGEMENT		2021
EXPENSES		EXPENSES		AND GENERAL		TOTAL
Grants	\$	31,535,022	\$	_	\$	31,535,022
Salaries and related benefits		1,179,731		974,694		2,154,425
Professional fees		1,275,835		164,451		1,440,286
Occupancy		96,256		59,499		155,755
Telephone and technology		97,953		65,643		163,596
Depreciation		43,601		38,243		81,844
Other		92,404		140,690		233,094
Total expenses	<u>\$</u>	34,320,802	<u>\$</u>	1,443,220	<u>\$</u>	35,764,022

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Changes in net assets Adjustments to reconcile changes in net assets to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Investment return:	\$ (23,401,860)	\$ 38,445,502
Common trust funds and partnerships Net realized and unrealized (gain) loss on investments Depreciation Amortization of finance right-of-use assets Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	(15,668,854) 43,746,738 42,366 8,153	(31,571,196) (13,312,775) 81,844 -
Prepaid expenses and miscellaneous receivables Contributions receivable Accounts payable and accrued expenses Operating lease assets and liability Grants payable Paycheck Protection Program refundable advances	256,718 2,648,269 460,725 5,773 (695,638)	$(568,382) \\ 1,754,470 \\ (191,407) \\ - \\ (1,217,433) \\ \underline{ (319,400)}$
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	7,402,390	(6,898,777)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Investment sales and distributions Investment purchases and partnership capital contributions Net change in money market mutual funds held as investments Purchase of property	23,689,188 (27,749,926) 336,702 (78,548)	37,999,627 (29,154,997) (1,509,937) (33,725)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Principal payments on finance lease liability Repayment of note payable	(3,802,584) (8,035)	<u>7,300,968</u> <u>(889,978</u>)
Net cash used by financing activities	(8,035)	(889,978)
NET CHANGE IN CASH	3,591,771	(487,787)
Cash, beginning of year	4,166,284	4,654,071
Cash, end of year	<u>\$ 7,758,055</u>	<u>\$ 4,166,284</u>

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Organization</u> – Paso del Norte Community Foundation (PdNCF) was formed in 2013 as a Texas nonprofit public charity located in El Paso, Texas to support the philanthropic goals of individuals, corporations, foundations, and nonprofit organizations to improve health, education, social services, economic development, and quality of life in the Paso del Norte region. PdNCF manages donor-advised funds, designated funds, and long-term endowment funds to support the interests of donors and the needs of nonprofit organizations and charitable causes in the region.

Paso del Norte Health Foundation (PdNHF), a Texas nonprofit organization located in El Paso, Texas, was organized in 1995 following the sale of certain assets of Providence Memorial Hospital. The mission of PdNHF is to lead, leverage, and invest in initiatives, programs, and policies that promote health and prevent disease in the Paso del Norte region. PdNHF provides grants to fund programs and is engaged in activities that provide charitable assistance, training and educational support for the promotion of general physical and mental health, principally for the benefit of the general population of El Paso, Texas, and the surrounding region.

First Light Community Foundation (FLCF) was formed in 2015 as a Texas nonprofit public charity located in El Paso, Texas to provide financial education and scholarships.

One Fund El Paso (OFEP) was formed in 2019 by PdNCF and the El Paso Community Foundation as a Texas nonprofit public charity located in El Paso, Texas. It was established as a supporting organization to PdNCF and El Paso Community Foundation to facilitate the distribution of approximately \$11.8 million in philanthropic contributions to support the victims and families of the tragic shooting of August 3, 2019, and future collaborations, as needed. As of December 31, 2019, OFEP has distributed all contributions received for its intended purpose. OFEP continues to exist to support future crises, if needed.

<u>Basis of consolidation</u> – These financial statements include the assets, liabilities, net assets, and activities of PdNCF, PdNHF, FLCF, and OFEP (collectively the Foundation). All balances and transactions between these consolidated entities have been eliminated.

<u>Affiliated organization</u> – The Fundacion Paso del Norte para la Salud y Bienestar, A. C. (Fundacion), a notfor-profit civil association in Ciudad Juarez, Chihuahua, Mexico, was formed in 2015 to inspire and grow philanthropic giving and advance partnerships and initiatives to improve health and well-being in Ciudad Juarez. While Fundacion was created by PdNHF, and is supported by PdNCF and PdNHF, it has a selfperpetuating Board of Directors. Fundacion is not controlled by the Foundation, and it is not included in these consolidated financial statements.

<u>Federal income tax status</u> – PdNCF is exempt from income tax under \$501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code) and is classified as a public charity under \$170(b)(1)(A)(vi). PdNHF is exempt from federal income tax under \$501(c)(3) of the Code and is further described as a Type 1 supporting organization under \$509(a)(3). FLCF and OFEP are exempt from federal income tax under \$501(c)(3) of the Code and are further described as Type 1 supporting organizations under \$509(a)(3). FLCF and OFEP are exempt from federal income tax under \$501(c)(3) of the Code and are further described as Type 1 supporting organizations under \$509(a)(3). PdNCF, PdNHF, FLCF, and OFEP are subject to income tax on unrelated business income.

 \underline{Cash} – The Foundation maintains deposits in six financial institutions, which may at times, exceed the federally insured limit per depositor per institution. The Foundation reviews the financial stability of financial institutions in which it maintains deposits.

<u>Investments</u> are reported at fair value. Realized gains and losses on securities sold are determined using the specific identification method and original cost. Purchases and sales of investments are reported on a trade-date basis. Unrealized gains and losses on investments arise from increases or decreases in fair value. Investment return is reported in the statement of activities as an increase in net assets without donor restrictions unless the use of the income is limited by donor-imposed restrictions.

<u>Property</u> – All property acquired with a value of \$5,000 or greater and with a life expectancy of more than one year is capitalized and reported at cost. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Property is depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of 10 years for leasehold improvements and 3 to 15 years for furniture, fixtures, and equipment.

<u>Net asset classification</u> – Net assets, revenue, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions, as follows:

- *Net assets without donor restrictions* are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions even though their use may be limited in other respects such as by contract or board designation.
- *Net assets with donor restrictions* are subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Restrictions may be temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or used for a purpose specified by the donor, or may be perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. Net assets are released from restrictions when the stipulated time has elapsed, or purpose has been fulfilled, or both.

<u>Contributions</u> are recognized as revenue at fair value when an unconditional commitment is received from the donor. Contributions received with donor stipulations that limit their use are classified as *with donor restrictions*. Conditional contributions are subject to one or more barriers that must be overcome before the Foundation is entitled to receive or retain funding. Conditional contributions are recognized in the same manner when the conditions have been met. Contributions receivable that are expected to be collected within one year are reported at net realizable value. Amounts expected to be collected in future years are discounted to estimate the present value of future cash flows, if material. Discounts are computed using risk-free interest rates applicable to the years in which the contributions are recognized. Amortization of discounts is included in contribution revenue. An allowance for uncollectible contributions receivable is provided when it is believed balances may not be collected in full. Funding received before conditions are met is reported as refundable contributions.

<u>Grants</u> are recognized as expense when the Foundation approves an unconditional commitment to a grant recipient. Commitments made but not yet funded are reported as grants payable and are discounted to estimate the present value of future cash flows, if material. Conditional grants are subject to one or more barriers that must be overcome before the recipient is entitled to receive or retain funding. Conditional grants are recognized in the same manner when the conditions are met by the recipient.

<u>Functional allocation of expenses</u> – Expenses are reported by their functional classification. Program services are the direct conduct or supervision of activities that fulfill the purposes for which the organization exists. Management and general activities are not directly identifiable with specific program activities. Expenses that are attributable to more than one activity are allocated among the activities benefitted. Expenses that are not directly attributable to grants, the related programming or management and general are allocated on the basis of estimated time and effort expended.

<u>Estimates</u> – Management must make estimates and assumptions to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, the amounts of reported revenue and expenses, and the allocation of expenses among various functions. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

NOTE 2 – LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY OF RESOURCES

The Foundation's financial assets totaled \$296 million at December 31, 2022 and \$320 million at December 31, 2021. The majority of the Foundation's financial assets are investments which are managed to provide long-term appreciation and current income to support the Foundation's general expenditures for philanthropic activities in El Paso and the surrounding region. Other than \$116 million of donor-restricted net assets and partnership interests with redemption restrictions at December 31, 2022 and \$116 million at December 31, 2021, the Foundation's financial assets are available to be spent at the discretion of the Board of Directors to support general expenditures in the following year. The Foundation approves an annual spending level each year as part of the budget process, and through prudent investing activities and spending policies, structures its financial assets to be available to fund general expenditures and liabilities as they become due.

NOTE 3 – CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE

Contributions receivable consist of the following:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Contributions receivable Discount to net present value ranging from 0.16% to 2.83%	\$ 7,424,682 (372,259)	\$ 10,227,750 (527,058)
Contributions receivable, net	<u>\$ 7,052,423</u>	<u>\$ 9,700,692</u>

Contributions receivable at December 31, 2022 are expected to be collected as follows:

Less than one year One to five years More than five years	\$ 748,247 2,781,385 3,895,050
Total contributions receivable	\$ 7,424,682

In 2022, PdNCF received a conditional 5-year matching gift of up to \$1,000,000 to support Fundacion. Payments from this gift will be received periodically as funds are raised and received by Fundacion. PdNCF will recognize the contribution when the conditions are met. As of December 31, 2022, \$400,000 of this matching gift has been recognized and \$600,000 remains conditional.

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Investment Composition

The Foundation's investments are summarized as follows:

	2	022	2021		
	FAIR VALUE	COST	FAIR VALUE	COST	
Common trust funds	\$ 170,488,290	\$ 209,012,578	\$ 195,502,451	\$ 193,056,667	
Partnerships	106,078,230	68,664,564	105,083,568	62,007,064	
Money market mutual funds	4,568,355	4,568,355	4,905,057	4,905,057	
Common stock	8,883	33,714	6,530	34,160	
Total investments	<u>\$ 281,143,758</u>	<u>\$ 282,279,211</u>	<u>\$ 305,497,606</u>	<u>\$ 260,002,948</u>	

Investments are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit risks. Because of these risks, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of financial position and statement of activities.

Fair Value Measurements

Generally accepted accounting principles require that certain assets and liabilities be reported at fair value and establish a hierarchy that prioritizes inputs used to measure fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The inputs used to measure assets reported at fair value are categorized as follows:

- *Level 1* Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the reporting date. The types of investments included in Level 1 are securities traded and valued based upon a public exchange.
- Level 2 Inputs are quoted prices in nonactive markets or in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, or inputs which are either directly or indirectly observable with observable market data at the reporting date.
- *Level 3* Inputs are not observable and are based on the reporting entity's assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. There are no investments categorized as Level 3 investments at December 31, 2022 and 2021.
- *NAV-PE* Investments which do not have a readily determinable fair value and are not traded on a public exchange are measured using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient and are not required to be categorized by level in the fair value hierarchy.

Assets measured at fair value at December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	NAV-PE	TOTAL
Investments:				
Common trust funds:				
Domestic market index	\$ _	\$ 78,740,515	\$ -	\$ 78,740,515
Domestic fixed-income index	_	48,781,377	_	48,781,377
International equity	_	42,966,398	—	42,966,398
Partnerships	_	_	106,078,230	106,078,230
Money market mutual funds	4,568,355	_	_	4,568,355
Common stock	 8,883	 _		8,883
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 4,577,238	\$ 170,488,290	<u>\$ 106,078,230</u>	<u>\$ 281,143,758</u>

Assets measured at fair value at December 31, 2021 are as follows:

	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	NAV-PE	TOTAL
Investments:				
Common trust funds:				
Domestic market index	\$ _	\$ 88,932,210	\$ -	\$ 88,932,210
Domestic fixed-income index	_	54,201,680	_	54,201,680
International equity	_	52,368,561	_	52,368,561
Partnerships	_	_	105,083,568	105,083,568
Money market mutual funds	4,905,057	_	_	4,905,057
Common stock	 6,530	 _		6,530
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 4,911,587	\$ <u>195,502,451</u>	<u>\$ 105,083,568</u>	<u>\$ 305,497,606</u>

Valuation methods used to measure assets reported at fair value are as follows:

- *Common trust* and *mutual funds* are valued at net asset value.
- *Partnerships* are valued using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) provided by the fund manager.
- *Common stock* is valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

These valuation methods may produce a fair value that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the Foundation believes its valuation methods are appropriate, the use of different methods or assumptions could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

Common trust funds and partnerships

Common trust funds and partnerships (collectively the funds and partnerships) maintain multiple global and domestic strategies. These investments include both publicly and privately traded equity and fixed-income securities in both foreign and domestic markets. In the normal course of operations, the funds and partnerships may enter into various contractual commitments involving forward settlements including future contracts, forward foreign currency contracts, short sales of securities, swap contracts, and writing of option contracts. Commitments involving future settlements give rise to off-balance-sheet market risk, which represents the potential for an accounting loss that can be caused by a change in the market value of a particular investment. Concentrations of credit risk may exist if a number of companies in which the funds and partnerships invest are engaged in similar activities and have similar economic characteristics that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic or other conditions. To mitigate exposure to concentrations of credit risk, the funds and partnerships invest in a variety of industries located in diverse geographic areas.

Legal, tax and regulatory changes could occur during the term of the Foundation's investments in the funds and partnerships. The regulatory environment for these types of investment funds is evolving, and changes in regulations may adversely affect the value of investments held by the Foundation. The Foundation believes that the effect of any future regulatory change in the Foundation's assets would likely not be substantial.

Details of the Foundat	ion's investment	s in partnership	s are as follows:

STRATEGY	2022 <u>FAIR VALUE</u>	2021 FAIR VALUE	REMAINING LIFE FOR LOCK-OUT PERIOD	REDEMPTION TERMS
Private equity funds – Invest in a diversified portfolio of partnerships that invest in loans to middle market companies, debt and equity financing, leveraged buyouts, venture capital, technology and healthcare and an international portfolio that includes European partnership investments.	\$71,927,726	\$74,899,820	Funds dissolve between 2022 and 2035 subject to extension or early termination. May be further extended by the general partner subject to approval by the limited partners.	Distributions are made solely at the discretion of the general partners. The Foundation has no ability for redemption, except in limited cases.
Real estate – Invests primarily in institutional quality properties in the United States.	\$24,419,186	\$18,441,551	None.	Quarterly liquidity with 45-days' notice. The general partner is not required to liquidate or encumber assets to satisfy redemption requests and may defer requests.
Emerging markets – Invest in emerging market equity securities with the goal of capital appreciation.	\$5,165,809	\$6,029,356	None.	Monthly liquidity with 10-days' notice. The general partner may suspend or limit withdrawals.
Opportunistic – Invests in public corporate, securitized and structure credit, opportunistic credit, and public and private real estate credit.	\$4,565,509	\$5,712,841	None.	Distributions are made solely at the discretion of the general partners.

Total

\$106,078,230 \$105,083,568

The Foundation has unfunded alternative investment commitments of approximately \$23.2 million at December 31, 2022.

After year end, the board approved an additional \$3 million commitment to a real estate investment fund.

Net investment return consists of the following:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Common trust funds and partnerships	\$ 15,668,854 \$	31,571,196
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(47,694,899)	13,312,775
Net realized gain on securities litigation	3,948,161	_
Interest and dividends	101,172	34,887
Investment management fees	(490,599)	(469,411)
Net investment return	<u>\$ (28,467,311</u>) <u>\$</u>	44,449,447

NOTE 5 – LEASES

The Foundation adopted Accounting Standards Codification Topic 842, *Leases*, effective January 1, 2022. There was no cumulative effect at the date of adoption and prior year amounts and disclosures were not restated. The Foundation has elected to not apply the new guidance to leases with terms of 12 months or less. Instead, these leases are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The Foundation elected to use its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate when the rate implicit in a lease is not readily determinable.

The Foundation has one operating lease for office space in El Paso, Texas and one finance lease for office equipment. Right-of-use assets are recognized at the present value of the lease payments at the inception of the lease adjusted, as appropriate, for certain other payments and allowances related to obtaining the lease and placing the asset in service. Finance lease right-of-use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset or the lease term. Operating lease right-of-use assets are amortized so that lease costs remain constant over the lease term.

Components of lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2022:

Operating lease costs	\$ 160,753
Finance lease costs:	
Amortization of right-of-use assets	8,153
Interest on lease liabilities	 809
Total lease costs	\$ 169,715

Lease costs recognized during the year ended December 31, 2021, prior to adoption of the new accounting standard, were \$106,681.

Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities during the year ended December 31, 2022:

Operating leases – operating cash outflows	\$157,976
Finance leases: Operating cash outflows	\$809
Financing cash outflows	\$8,035

Weighted-average lease term and discount rates at December 31, 2022:

	OPERATING	FINANCE
Weighted-average remaining lease term	39 months	29 months
Weighted-average discount rate	3.25%	3.25%

Undiscounted cash flows related to lease liabilities at December 31, 2022:

		OPERATING	FINANCE
2023	\$	159,936 \$	8,844
2024		161,896	8,844
2025		163,857	3,685
2026		68,614	_
Total undiscounted cash flows		554,303	21,373
Less discount to present value		(29,115)	(844)
Total discounted present value of lease liabilities	<u>\$</u>	525,188 \$	20,529

In January 2023, the Foundation entered into an operating lease agreement for office equipment that will commence in 2023. The agreement requires payments of \$459 per month for 60 months. The Foundation will recognize an operating right-of-use asset and a lease liability when this lease agreement commences in 2023.

NOTE 6 – PROPERTY

Property consists of the following:

		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Leasehold improvements Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	\$	963,751 499,165	\$ 963,751 444,682
Total property, at cost Accumulated depreciation		1,462,916 (1,290,119)	1,408,433 (1,271,818)
Property, net	<u>\$</u>	172,797	\$ 136,615

NOTE 7 – NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS

Net assets with donor restrictions are restricted as follows:

		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Subject to expenditure for specified purpose:			
Bracero Project	\$	698,085	\$ 743,625
Fundacion		321,446	257,704
Downtown Deck Plaza		273,442	_
Coronavirus relief		551	54,775
Various purposes		294,155	80,540
Subject to passage of time:			
Contributions receivable that are not restricted by donors,			
but which are unavailable for expenditures until due		7,526,621	9,700,692
Endowment subject to spending policy and appropriation:			
Lois Helen Cole Endowment Fund – Alpine Humane Society		1,152,478	 _
Total net assets with donor restrictions	<u>\$</u>	10,266,778	\$ 10,837,336

During 2022, the Foundation received donor-restricted contributions of approximately \$1,279,000 establishing the *Lois Helen Cole Endowment Fund* to provide support to the Humane Society. The Endowment is subject to the Texas Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (TUPMIFA), which provides guidelines for prudent spending in the absence of explicit donor stipulations. This fund is

being administered in accordance with explicit donor stipulations. The amount specified by the donor to be maintained in perpetuity of \$1,000,000 is not reduced by investment losses or by approved distributions from the Endowment. During 2022, the fund distributed approximately \$71,000 to the Humane Society after recognizing a net investment loss of approximately \$55,000.

NOTE 8 – GRANTS PAYABLE AND GRANT COMMITMENTS

At December 31, 2022, grants approved and committed for future payments are payable as follows:

2023	\$ 2,875,320
2024	731,509
2025	438,402
2026	942,128
2027	950,136
Thereafter	 4,916,189
Total grants payable	\$ 10,853,684

The Board of Directors of the Foundation has approved grants to be paid in future years that depend on the occurrence of specified future and uncertain events to bind the Foundation and are therefore considered conditional grants. As of December 31, 2022, conditional grants of approximately \$5,200,000 had been approved, but not recognized in the financial statements as the conditions had not been substantially met.

NOTE 9 – RETIREMENT SAVINGS PLAN

The Foundation has a noncontributory simplified employee pension plan (the Plan) that provides retirement benefits to employees who have attained 21 years of age and six months of continuous service. The Foundation may contribute a discretionary amount to the Plan, as determined by the Board of Directors. Employees are 100% vested in the Foundation's contributions when eligible to participate. The Foundation's contributions to the Plan totaled approximately \$178,000 during 2022 and \$165,000 during 2021.

NOTE 10 – GOVERNMENT GRANTS

The Foundation recognized government grants from the U. S. Department of the Treasury and the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, which were passed through the City and County of El Paso. These grants require compliance with contract provisions and are subject to review and audit by the U. S. Department of the Treasury, the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, and the City and County of El Paso. Such reviews and audits could result in the discovery of unallowable activities and unallowable costs. Consequently, any of the funding sources may, at their discretion, request reimbursement for expenses or return of funds as a result of noncompliance by the Foundation with the terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would not be material to the Foundation's financial position or changes in net assets.

NOTE 11 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through September 21, 2023, which is the date that the financial statements were available for issuance. As a result of this evaluation, no events were identified that are required to be disclosed or would have a material impact on reported net assets or changes in net assets.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the year ended December 31, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass-through Grantor Program Title & Period	Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	Grantor <u>Number</u>	Award <u>Amount</u>	Federal <u>Expenditures</u>	Subrecipient Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF	THE TREASUF	RY			
Passed through City of El F COVID-19 – Emergency R #1 04/12/21 – 06/30/22 #2 12/01/21 – 07/31/22		e Program 21-1052 21-1039	\$13,099,166 \$13,400,000	\$ 3,062,347 6,734,998	\$ 3,062,347 6,429,631
Coronavirus State and Loca #3 04/07/22 – 10/31/22 Subtotal passed throug	21.027	21-1056	\$294,421	<u> </u>	<u>232,437</u> <u>9,724,415</u>
Passed through County of I COVID-19 – Emergency R #4 04/19/21 – 05/31/22	ental Assistance	e Program 21-0270	\$4,382,406	2,888,155	2,826,528
Subtotal passed throug	gh County of El	Paso		2,888,155	2,826,528
TOTAL FEDERAL AWAI	RDS			<u>\$ 12,979,921</u>	<u>\$ 12,550,943</u>
Federal expenditures by As Assistance Listing Numb Assistance Listing Numb TOTAL FEDERAL AWAI	er 21.023 er 21.027	Number:		\$ 12,685,500 294,421 <u>\$ 12,979,921</u>	

See accompanying note to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Note to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the year ended December 31, 2022

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Basis of presentation</u> – The schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) is prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Foundation, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the Foundation.

<u>Federal expenditures</u> include allowable costs funded by federal grants. Allowable costs are subject to the cost principles of the Uniform Guidance and the U. S. Department of the Treasury and include costs that are recognized in the Foundation's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The Foundation has elected not to use the 10% de minimus rate for indirect costs.

<u>Subrecipient expenditures</u> – In accordance with the Uniform Guidance, subrecipient expenditures are reported in the schedule when distributed as agreed to through contracts with subrecipients.



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Directors of Paso del Norte Community Foundation and Paso del Norte Health Foundation:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Paso del Norte Community Foundation and Supporting Organizations (the Foundation), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31, 2022 and the related consolidated statements of activities, of functional expenses, and of cash flows as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 21, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Foundation's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Foundation's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blazek & Vetterling

September 21, 2023



Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Directors of Paso del Norte Community Foundation and Paso del Norte Health Foundation:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Paso del Norte Community Foundation and Supporting Organizations' (the Foundation) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Foundation's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022. The Foundation's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Foundation complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Foundation and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Foundation's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Foundation's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Foundation's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Foundation's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Foundation's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Foundation's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency in *internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blazek & Vetterling

September 21, 2023

Schedule of Finding	gs and Q	Juestioned	Costs	for the	year e	nded	December	31,	2022

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report	t issued:	🛛 unmodified 🗌 qualified	adverse	disclaimer
 Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? 			yesyes	☑ no☑ none reported
Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?			yes yes	⊠ no
Federal Awards				
 Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? 			☐ yes ☐ yes	⊠ no ⊠ none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:			adverse	disclaimer
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR §200.516(a)?			yes	🖂 no
Identification of major programs:				
Assistance Listing Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster				
21.023	Emergency Rental Assistance Program			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:				\$750,000
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?			🛛 yes	no no

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

There were no findings related to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no findings for federal awards required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR §200.516(a).